

CUBAN EXPEDITION IN KANSAS.—THE

Louisiana Democrat says:

We learn from reliable sources, that active arrangements are being made in the U. States for the concentration of an effective force, at some convenient point, to operate against Cuba. These arrangements are committed to two leading gentlemen, the one in the east, and the other in the west. Louisville is said to be the headquarters in the west. The present available force is said to be six hundred men, with a prospect of reinforcements at needful intervals. The object, of course, is the independence of Cuba.

The annual report of the United States Patent Office shows that the march of invention is exceedingly rapid. Two ponderous volumes, embracing descriptions of the mechanical improvements patented during the year 1855, have just been issued from that office. They demonstrate that the number of applications made to the office for patents was about 4,355, being nearly twice the number of applications made in 1853. The number of patents issued was 2,024, more than twice the number granted two years ago. In 1845, ten years previous, the cash receipts of the office were \$39,395, while last year they were \$216,459, or five and a half times greater.

Things in Kansas.—Kansas outrages have been superseded by Kansas speculations. The resumption of peace and order in the Territory is attended by the most beneficent results. Hundreds and thousands are flocking thither to secure lands on which to locate in the spring. A great many land buyers from Kentucky have passed through this city lately, to attend the great Delaware land sale next Monday. Some of them are speculators, but the greater portion contemplate settling in the Territory.

Kansas will, no doubt, in another year have the population requisite to her admission into the Union as a State, and the application will be made to the next Congress, which is largely Democratic. The prospect is that it will be a slave State.—St. Louis News, Nov. 14.

THE HOG MARKET.—Our country readers desire to be posted in regard to the hog market. During the summer, contracts were made at figures which cannot now be obtained. The heavy stocks of old provisions on hand in the West as well as in the East, and the dullness of the European markets, which have been so much overstocked that purchases made for the use of our army have been actually returned to find a market in this country, have thrown a damper on prices. Last year the markets were almost bare of stock, with a war in Europe when the season commenced; this year they are overstocked. Competition last year ran prices up to a high figure, and most of the operators suffered. Experience has taught them a lesson. Packers here as well as at other points are determined not to be allured again in that way.

The prevailing rates at present are \$5.00 to \$5.75 net—the outside price is usually paid by porkhouse owners to secure the killing. The market is ready at these figures, as but few have yet come in. R. H. Hunt & Co. have killed about 2,000 hogs during the past week. Hamilton, Ricketts, & Co. commenced killing yesterday; they had about 2,000 head in pens.

R. Atkinson & Co. will commence killing to-day. A. S. White & Co. have also killed a few hundred. Watkins & Owsley, Lewis & Co., and Huffman, Hamilton, & Co., will soon commence operations.—Lon. Jour. 13th.

FEARFUL CASE OF SOMNAMBULISM.—A Pittsburgh paper furnishes the particulars of a fearful case of somnambulism, that recently occurred at Oak's d., at a private residence. The accounts say:

Hearing footsteps upon the stairs about midnight, and suspecting burglars might be about the premises, the gentleman rose from his bed and took down a double barreled gun, with which in his hand he proceeded to the door opening into the hall. Reaching the door, he applied his ear to the key hole, and heard what he thought a rustling of garments upon the stairs. Hastily drawing a chair to the door he stepped upon it and inserted the gun through the transom. Just then the thought occurred to him that it might be his daughter, who some time previously was addicted to walking in her sleep. Passing out into the hall, with the gun still in his hand, to be used in case circumstances warranted it, he found the apartment entirely vacant, and lighting a lamp, he then ascended the stairs. Imagine his surprise and terror on looking out of the chamber windows, to see among the branches of a tall tree which grew there, his daughter, dressed in her night habiliments and seemingly utterly unconscious of her perilous position. Without uttering a word or making a sound calculated to frighten her he stepped out of the window himself, and stepped unarm and tightly about the waist of the sleeping girl, he with great exertion managed to regain the hall with his precious burden. The surprise of the young lady when she awoke and was informed of her perilous adventure can be better imagined than described.

TO INDURATE MARBLE OR STONE.—Melt pure wax in clean ladle, and with a soft brush cover the marble with two or more coats. When perfectly congealed, hold a red-hot iron plate just near enough to cause the wax to sink into the marble. Stone or marble thus treated will never lose its color, and if white will remain so. If the stone or marble should become soiled with dirt and smoke it may be washed without the slightest injury. This encaustic process is applicable to both stucco and plaster casts, which latter may then be freely exposed to the weather with perfect safety. It is strongly recommended by Vitruvius, Pliny, and other old writers on such subjects, and is one of the secrets of the long preservation of the painted decorations of the sites of Pompeii and Herculaneum.

AN INCIDENT IN CALIFORNIA.—THE

Rev. Bishop in one of his letters from California, relates the following incident:

A ride of fifteen miles brought us to the house of Judge Dickinson, on the Tuolumne river. We had here quite an incident. Mrs. Dickinson, in one of the waiters, a young man, whom she had known in Alabama, but he had changed his name, and when she inquired if he was not B. C., he denied it, and the family knew him as E. M. I told her she was probably mistaken, but she persevered, woman like, and finally succeeded in cornering him. Finding that he was recognized, he made an open confession. He had come to California, been unfortunate in business, and was reduced to the necessity of stealing or working. He very properly chose the latter and was employed as a waiter at the public house, at \$40 a month and his board. This was a wise resolve, yet his pride revolted at the menial employment; hence to prevent his friends from knowing him, he had changed his name. His feelings as a son broke forth when he found one who knew his mother, and could give him tidings from home. The interview may be overruled for good. He said, on our return the following week, that he intended to save all his wages and return to Alabama. His employer speaks of him as a very excellent young man.

COOKING WITHOUT FIRE.—A patent has been recently granted to Mr. Albro, of Burlington, New Jersey, for a culinary contrivance for cooking without fire. The required calorific is generated by the employment of lime and water. Between these two substances there is a strong chemical affinity, and when they are brought in contact, in the proper proportions, they unite with such rapidity and energy as to develop an intense heat. No decomposition takes place and therefore no gas escapes; thus heat is produced without combustion. The inventor turns his phenomenon into a highly useful purpose in the present improvement.—During an experiment which was made the other day, in the presence of a number of persons, with one of these contrivances, there was cooked a slice of ham, a dish of apples baked, and a quantity of water boiled; all at once; at a consumption of perhaps a quarter of a cent's worth of lime. The inventor makes several different sizes, the largest of which does not extend in size a lady's bandbox. Among them is a dinner pail pattern, so arranged that the mechanic, when dinner time arrives, has only to pour a half pint or so of water in the pail in order to cook a warm meal.

TEMPERATURE OF THE EARTH.—Curious Fact.—It has been ascertained, by accurate scientific investigation, that the increase of temperature in the earth is about ten degrees Fahrenheit for every fifteen yards of descent. In all probability, however the increase will be found to be in geometrical progress as investigation is extended, in which case the present crust will be found to be much thinner than it has hitherto been calculated to be. Taking then, as correct the present observed rate of increase the temperature would be as follows: Water will boil at depth of 2,430 yards; lead melts at the depth of 8,400 yards; there is red heat at the depth of seven miles; gold melts at twenty-one miles; each iron at seven-four miles; soft iron at ninety-seven miles; and at the depth of one hundred miles there is a temperature equal to the greatest artificial heat yet observed.—temperature capable of fusing platinum, porcelain and indeed every other refractory substance known.

LOOK OUT FOR BUENOS AIRES.—Counterfeit quarter dollars are very plenty now. Look out for them, as they are well calculated to deceive. They are made of brittle metal coated with silver in such a manner as to have the appearance of the best silver coin. Acids do not affect them, but they are brighter than the genuine, and can be detected by their weight.

A new style of half and quarter eagles have recently been put into circulation in the East, and we shall doubtless have them here shortly. The Baltimore Sun says both are dated 1851, and are exceedingly well executed; although been lighter and softer to the touch than the genuine coin, are easily distinguished by the careful observer.—Cincinnati Sun.

NOT SATISFIED.—The Charleston, S. C. Mercury contains a letter from Mr. Rhett, of that State, to Gov. Adams, upon the proposition of political affairs. While conceding the election of Mr. Buchanan, it contends that the vote he received in the North evinces the power of the party in that section opposed to the "rights of the South," and proves that the States South of Mason and Dixon's Line have nothing to hope in the future. Mr. Rhett contends for a dissolution of the Union as the best solution of the difficulties with which the slaveholding community is now compelled to struggle.

AN AGED MINISTER.—The Rev. Benjamin Snelling died in Bath county, Ky., on the 25th of September last, in the 91st year of his age. He is referred to in the following paragraph in "Cotton's History of Kentucky," in the historical sketch of the Methodist Episcopal Church. It will be seen that he was published as dead some years before his decease.

"Benjamin Snelling was admitted to connection in 1788, and sent to travel the Lexington Circuit that year. He continued in Kentucky but a short time, and then returned to the east; and after remaining some time he returned to Kentucky, and settled in Bath county, where he finally died."

EXECUTOR'S SALE

VALUABLE

BLOODED STOCK.

THE undersigned, as Executor of Benjamin Warrick, dec'd., will expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said Warrick, 3 miles from Lexington, Ky., on the Winchester Turnpike.

On Thursday, November 27, 1856,

ALL THE STOCK

On the place, consisting of some of the most

Valuable Blooded Cattle

In Kentucky, to wit:

TWO IMPORTED BULLS—CHILTON, (11,278 E. H. B.) and EXILE, (426,

about 10 head of sheep; and some Stock

Hogs.

The Stock now offered comprises the entire

herd of said Warrick, dec'd., who was

extensively known as one of the largest

and most successful breeders of blooded cattle

in Kentucky. He was engaged in the business

for upwards of thirty years, and always re-

turned to the best of the breed, and all the

new offered trace back through long lines

of distinguished ancestry.

TERMS OF SALE.—Six months credit will

be given on all sums of \$20 and upwards, ap-

on the execution of a note, with approved

security, for that sum and under, cash.

WILLIAM WARRICK, dec'd.

Executor of Benjamin Warrick, dec'd.

Catalogues of the above cattle will be

furnished upon application, in person or by letter,

to the Executor.

Payette Co., Ky., Nov. 7, '56 to—Lex. Ols.

TOWN ORDINANCE

In Relation to Pavements, &c.

BE it ordained by the Board of Trustees of

the Town of Danville, that the owners of

Lots and Parcels of Lots on Pine Street, from

the south-east corner of Rodes' Lot, on Third

Street, to the south-west end of R. W. Wash-

ington's Lot, be required to pave in front of their

said Lots, with good and substantial Pavements

of Brick, and of good Stone Curbing, which

Pavements shall be of the width of 4 feet, and

well and substantially finished.

2. That the owners of Lots on the west side of

Fourth Street, from the corner of Mrs. Dick-

son's Lot, to Pine Street, be also required to

make, in front of their said Lots, similar Pav-

ements, of the width of 4 feet.

3. That the owners of the Lots above enu-

merated, together with the owners of all other

Lots on Pine Street, to the corner of Fifth St.,

be required to pave in front of their said Lots

the Streets in front of their said Lots, in the

same manner and with the same material used

in MacAdams Fourth Street, from Main to the

corner of Mrs. Dickson's Lot.

4. The Pavements and MacAdamsizing herein

ordered, is to be done and completed within 60

days from the 17th day of October, 1856.

Passed at October, 1856.

JOHN TOMPKINS, Pres.

Oct. 17, '56 2m

CARPETS, WALL PAPER,

—AND—

CURTAIN GOODS!

WE request the especial attention of pur-

chasers to our new stock of the above

articles, as we can furnish them with any and

every style.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

Sept. 5, '56

SINGER'S

SEWING MACHINES!

GREAT success is

always the most con-

clusive proof of great

merit. Judged by

these facts, the Singer

sewing Machine is

before the public com-

parable to Singer's

Sewing Machines.

It is the best and

highest reputation in

the United States, they

were exhibited at the

late "Exposition Universelle,"

and were the highest

prize awarded to any

great machinery to make them has been built

in Paris.

In Every Branch of Industry

In which sewing machines are used, the

use of the Railway train is to travelling on foot, so

is sewing with Singer's Machines compared

with hand-sewing. No tailor, shoe-maker,

dress-maker, carriage trimmer, saddler, hatter,

&c. &c. should be without one. The fair pro-

CENTRAL KENTUCKY

PORK HOUSE,

LEXINGTON, KY.

THE subscribers would inform the public

that their PORK HOUSE in the city

of Lexington, is now completed, and ready

for operations so soon as the season opens. They

feel confident that in all its departments their

establishment will be found to be unsurpassed

by any establishment in the country.

They are also prepared to cut and pack

DEEP CATTLE.

They have a complete set of experienced

hands employed, and a short list of their arrange-

ments for the Pork and Beef Packing Business

are perfect.

McLELLAN, CHENAU & CO.

Lexington, Oct. 17, '56—Ols.

A GREAT CHANCE FOR

BARGAINS

IN

REAL ESTATE!

BEING desirous to remove to another State,

I wish to sell my property, located in

Milledgeville, Lincoln county, Ky., consisting

of a

Very Desirable Dwelling

With about 3 Acres of ground attached—new-

er-falling, water, fine horse, stable, carriage-house, chicken-house, and every other

convenience requisite to a Family Residence.

Also,

A Good Store-House and Lot.

Well situated and arranged for business. This

offers a rare opportunity to any desiring to en-

gage in the mercantile business, as the stand

has always had a fine run of custom. Also, a

WAGON-MAKER'S SHOP.

With a Lot attached, together with a quantity

of excellent Seasoned Lumber, suitable for the

business.

The above Property will be sold together or

separately, as may be desired by purchasers,

and will be sold low, on liberal terms.

Persons desiring to buy, are invited to call and

see the property.

N. B. There are about 70 Acres of good

Land adjoining the Dwelling, which can be

bought if desired.

Milledgeville, Oct. 24, '56

N. W.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE for sale, a first

rate Horse and Rock-

away. The Horse is very gen-

tle, and well broken to harness—can be driven

by a child—and of fine size and color. The

Rockaway is excellent, and nearly new. I

will sell them together, or separately, on ac-

commodating terms.

THOS. R. J. AYRES.

Oct. 10, '56

NEW MILLINERY

AND

FANCY GOODS,

JUST received, my Fall Stock of Fan-

cies and Millinery Goods, consisting of

the LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES OF

Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Caps,

Plumes, &c. &c.

Which I offer for sale, LOW FOR CASH, or on

short time to prompt purchasers. My stock is

large and well assorted.

Mrs. H. D. COLLINS.

Danville, Oct. 3, '56

ORDINANCE.

BE it ordained by the Board of Trustees of

the Town of Danville, That all persons

against whom a fine is inflicted, for a violation

of any Ordinance of the Board of Trustees of

the Town of Danville, are required, immedi-

ately on the infliction of said fine, either to pay up

the same, with costs, or to replevy the same, as

provided by law, and in default thereof, shall

be taken to the court inflicting such fine, be

taken to and confined in the Watch House, un-

til such fine and costs are paid: Provided,

however, that the Watch-house shall not be

prevented a party from taking an appeal, as now

allowed by law.

2. The person or persons confined, as pro-

vided for above, may be permitted to break lock

in the Watch-house, and in default thereof, shall

be taken to the court inflicting such fine, be

taken to and confined in the Watch-house, un-

til such fine and costs are paid: Provided,

however, that the Watch-house shall not be

prevented a party from taking an appeal, as now

allowed by law.

3. The person or persons confined, as pro-

vided for above, may be permitted to break lock

in the Watch-house, and in default thereof, shall

be taken to the court inflicting



DANVILLE:

Friday, Nov. 21, 1856.

VOTE ON THE LICENSE QUESTION.—A vote of the citizens of this place is to be taken on Saturday the 29th inst., on the propriety of granting liquor license to the hotels of the town.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—Yesterday was generally observed by our citizens as Thanksgiving day. Business was suspended to the usual extent, (some of the houses keeping "one eye open.") and appropriate religious services were held in several of the churches.

An interesting protracted meeting is in progress at the Baptist Church in this place, under the ministrations of the pastor, Eld. V. E. KIRKLEY, assisted by Elder SMITH, of Harrodsburg, and others. A number of persons have presented themselves for the prayers of the church, and the meetings are increasing in interest.

The "uninterrified" of Perryville, in this county, are to celebrate the election of Buchanan and Breckinridge, by an illumination and torch-light procession to-night.

"THE JULIEN MINSTRELS."—A company of strolling vagabonds, associated under the above title, are going through the country, giving "negro shows," swindling the printers and landlords, and probably doing other disreputable things too numerous to mention. They gave two concerts in this place last week, and after meeting with the poor success they so richly deserved, left town without settling our bill for printing. The printer in Georgetown they paid in counterfeit money, and from all we can learn concerning them, they are a rare nest of scamps, and need the closest watching. We understand that they are making tracks for Tennessee, and we warn our brethren of the press in that State, and the public generally, against them. All who trust them will be most likely to come out losers by the operation.

TO BE EXECUTED.—John Comly, convicted at the last term of the Garrard Circuit Court, for the murder of Stephen G. Pratt, in the post office in Lancaster, on the 6th day of August, 1855, will be hanged in Garrard county to-day.

John M. Clayton, U. S. Senator from 1st clause, was elected to the Senate three times—first from 1829 to 1837, secondly from 1845 to 1851, and the last time for the term beginning March 4, 1853, which will not expire until March 3, 1859.

The stockholders of the Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads, have voted to consolidate the two companies, so that both roads will be hereafter under the same management.

SLEIGHING.—Snow has fallen to a considerable depth North of Lake Simcoe, Canada. At Barrie and Orillia they had sleighing for two or three days in the beginning of last week. At London, C. W., also, there was a heavy fall of snow.

The census of Nebraska has just been taken, and it shows a population of 19,716, and 1,000 votes. The population has increased over two and one fourth fold in a year, and the number of voters is nearly three times greater than in 1855.

If it had not been for the Fillmore party in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Indiana, the Democratic party would have been tremendously beaten and Fremont elected.

A very severe shock of an earthquake was felt at Hickman on Sunday morning, the 9th inst. The same shock was felt at Jackson, West Tennessee.

Mr. Donelson is the only one on either ticket at the recent election, who received a majority of the votes in his own county.

At last accounts from Madeira, the cholera was disappearing. Five thousand persons had fallen victims in a population of sixteen thousand.

Congress meets on Monday week. As it is already organized, there will be no delay in proceeding to business.

The crop of clover seed in Kentucky, the present season, is the largest that has been raised for some years.

On Sunday, the 9th inst., there was a heavy frost in New Orleans. Cloaks and furs were indispensable.

Hogs.—The slaughtering season has fairly commenced, but the market for hogs, so far as regards prices, is by no means settled. We have heard of sales of pork for family use, in this place at \$5 net.

The Louisville papers state that the packers in that city are refusing to pay over \$4 gross.

In Cincinnati, the leading price, at last accounts, was \$5.75 net. Sales of mess pork have been made in that city at \$14.75 per barrel, which is a large decline.

NEW SUGAR.—The New Orleans Crescent of the 24th ult., says: "The most important feature in domestic matters yesterday, was the receipt of two hogheads of sugar of this season's crop, from the plantation of Judge Hurling, parish of Plaquemine, being the first received in this market this season. Last year the first receipt was on the 10th of October; in 1854 the 4th; in 1853 the 5th; in 1852 the 9th; in 1851 the 15th; in 1850 the 17th of October. The general opinion still prevails that the extent of this season's crop will not exceed 120,000 hogheads, though some hold out for 130,000 hogheads."

THE RESULT IN NEW YORK.—The total vote in New York is about 575,000, of which Fremont has about 250,000, Buchanan 200,000, and Fillmore 125,000, leaving the Republicans 75,000 in the minority in the State, although Fremont received the electoral vote of the State. The Republicans elect their entire ticket, and have a decided majority in the Legislature. The Congressional delegation stands, Republicans 20, Democrats 13.

The New York Times gives a rumor that Col. Fremont will be elected United States Senator from New York, in place of the Hon. Hamilton Fish, whose term expires on the 4th of March next.

NEWS FROM CHINA.—The latest news from China is that the rebels are gaining ground, having recently made some important conquests and accessions of power. A tremendous freshet had occurred at Canton. All the streets were submerged daily for a fortnight, and much property had been destroyed. The great Pagoda, fourteen centuries old, had been undermined by the water, and had fallen, burying the priests beneath it.

The Saints of the Great Salt Lake have issued a proclamation to the faithful, endorsing the Buchanan Democracy, and repudiating the Republican party. They say: "The Democratic party is the instrument in God's hand, by which is to be effected our recognition as a sovereign State, with the Democratic institutions of Slavery and Polygamy, as established by the patriarchs and prophets of old, under divine authority, and renewed to the saints of latter days, through God's chosen rulers and prophets."

BUCHANAN IN FAVOR OF "FREE KANSAS."—A Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, says it is already affirmed at Washington, that Mr. Buchanan is in favor of the admission of Kansas as a free State. If the Herald's correspondent is correctly informed, the poor fellows in the South who were duped into the support of Buchanan to defeat Fremont, will find they have caught a Tartar.

A NEW STATE.—As Minnesota Territory has now a sufficient population to apply for admission as a State into the Confederacy, we presume that this will be done next winter. The Territory has now a population of 170,000, and the city of St. Paul, which in 1849 numbered only 500 inhabitants, has now 12,000.

A suspension bridge is to be built across the Mississippi at St. Louis, Mo., to be 84 feet above high water mark and more than a mile in length. The greatest distance between the piers will be 1800 feet, and the foundation of some of the towers will be 50 feet below water mark. Mr. J. W. Bissell, of Rochester, N. Y., has received the appointment of Engineer. The bridge is expected to cost less than two millions of dollars.

DEMOCRATIC LAW.—The Democrats of the Old Dominion are a rare set of fellows. We gather from the Abingdon Virginian, that the Democratic Judges of the election in Washington county, ruled that a citizen of the United States could vote any where in the Union for President, and, therefore, suffered citizens of Missouri, who chanced to be there on a visit, to vote for Buck and Breck.

A SAD PROSPECT.—The New York Mirror says: "Many of the new members of the Common Council elect in that city are said to be among the lowest ruffians in the city. The tax-payer have a gloomy prospect before them the following year. The Councilmen will probably stand thirty-seven Democrats to twenty-three Opposition; the Aldermen, fourteen Democrats to eight Opposition."

On Tuesday last, Rev Lewis W. GREEN, D. D., was inaugurated as President of the State Normal School and Transylvania University. The ceremonies were held in the Baptist Church in Lexington, and were of the most impressive and interesting character. We extract the following from the account of the proceedings, as given by the Lexington Observer and Reporter:

At 11 1/2 o'clock a procession was formed in College Lawn, under the direction of Gen. Lewis Green, as Chief Marshal, and marched to the Church, where there had assembled a brilliant concourse of ladies, and the whole assembly, when the procession had entered the building, presented such an array of beauty, intelligence and wisdom as are rarely to be found congregated in the same audience. After the performance of a fine piece of music by the splendid choir, and an eloquent prayer by the Rev. J. H. Lutz, of the Methodist Church, Dr. Green was introduced by Gen. Green to the Governor of the Commonwealth, Hon. CHARLES S. MONROE, who briefly but eloquently welcomed him again to his native State, and proceeded to administer to him the oath and invest him with the insignia of his office.

Dr. Green then proceeded to pronounce his inaugural discourse, and for an hour and a half held his vast audience spell-bound by the irresistible power of his matchless eloquence and mighty intellect.

CLAIMS OF FREE NEGROES TO THE RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP.—About two weeks since, application was made to the State Department, through Mr. H. H. Rice, clerk to the Superior Court in New York, for foreign passports for eleven persons of color, composing a troupe of minstrels, who were about to start on a professional tour to Europe. The necessary papers and certificates were forwarded with the application. From these it appears that nine of these persons were born in the State of New York, one in Philadelphia, and one in Portland, Maine. A letter from the State Department to Mr. Rice, advises him that free negroes cannot be regarded as citizens of the United States, and therefore are not entitled to passports. The Secretary, however, proposes to give them a certificate that they "were born in the United States, and free, and that the government thereof, would regard it to be its duty to protect them if wronged by a foreign government while within its jurisdiction for a legal and proper purpose."

THE FLUCTUATIONS OF PARTY.—Two years ago, says the Knoxville Register, the American Party could have elected a President without scarcely an effort. Now it has carried but a single State.

Two years ago the Democratic Party could not have carried three States in the Union. Now it has swept the country by an overwhelming majority.

The times are unstable. No party is secure in its empire. The flight of each year marks the decline of one, and the corresponding ascendancy of another. Democracy is now vastly and sadly overgrown; yet the same magnet that has thus rapidly drawn its odds and ends together, will in turn become the repellant that is to scatter them as chaff before the breath of the storm. That mighty agent is—The Spoils. "The ox knoweth his owner, and the ass his master's crib." Scripture has here given us an apt and graphic condensation of the philosophy of modern politics.

THE SOUTHERN CONVENTION.—Governor Wise, of Virginia, has appointed 52 delegates from that State to the Southern Commercial Convention which meets at Savannah, Ga., on the 5th of December. They are divided in the proportion of four from each of the thirteen Congressional districts. The Hon. R. M. T. Hunter heads the list. A letter writer from Richmond states that the policy of re-opening the Slave Trade will be discussed and probably earnestly advocated by some of the ultra members.

TEXAS WHEAT.—The Harrison Flag gives us an instance of the prolific nature of wheat, the result of an experiment in that country by a farmer who planted five bushels of seed-wheat last fall, from which he secured one hundred and fifty bushels, weighing sixty-two pounds to the bushel.

THE THREE WASHBURNS.—Every one of the three Washburns re-elected to the next Congress. Israel, in Maine, by 5,000; Cadwallader C., in Wisconsin, by 5,000; and Elihu B., in Illinois, by 11,551.

In one year New York city eats 185,000 oxen, 12,000 cows, 550,000 sheep and lambs, 40,000 calves, and 280,000 swine.

RATHER GRAPHIC.—A Boston paper, speaking of one of its commercial representatives of the city, says: "He has taken in a ton or two of self-consequence at every port at which he has happened to touch, and started overboard modesty and scruples to make way for its storage."

VOTE IN THE FIVE POINTS, NEW YORK CITY.—The vote in the precinct, embracing Five Points, in the city of New York, stood: Buchanan, 576; Fremont, 17; Fillmore 13.

The value of all the crops produced in our country for the year 1856, is estimated at \$1,800,000,000.

Vote of Kentucky.			
	1855.	1856.	
Adair,	431	442	1033
Allen,	605	680	537
Anderson,	351	695	299
Barbee,	1510	1153	1541
Bart,	373	1045	643
Bell,	915	673	937
Benton,	994	535	957
Breckinridge,	939	400	000
Bracken,	136	493	000
Breathitt,	697	356	676
Boyle,	1128	407	1008
Breckinridge,	600	421	000
Bullitt,	629	261	571
Butler,	523	562	323
Caldwell,	436	548	463
Campbell,	956	1166	906
Carroll,	457	458	439
Cass,	639	428	000
Christian,	1036	848	1080
Clarke,	955	330	946
Crittenden,	450	594	506
Cumberland,	592	231	000
Daviess,	286	549	261
Clay,	380	476	421
Callaway,	166	380	206
Carver,	354	628	000
Daviess,	902	929	954
Edmonson,	188	400	161
Estill,	558	919	474
Fayette,	1439	815	1044
Fleming,	1120	715	543
Franklin,	197	335	240
Fulton,	153	769	000
Floyd,	193	294	457
Greenup,	941	542	000
Gartland,	976	268	866
Grant,	735	541	000
Graves,	529	1247	473
Harrison,	523	529	477
Green,	476	682	000
Hancock,	418	351	425
Hardin,	1381	565	1232
Hart,	529	232	605
Harrison,	1065	886	1065
Hart,	598	791	529
Henderson,	881	657	769
Hopkins,	804	944	724
Hopkins,	975	1065	1133
Buckman,	173	812	000
Johnson,	4416	2311	4989
Jennings,	565	505	614
Johnson,	26	597	000
Kenton,	1278	1292	1246
Knox,	426	589	271
Lane,	610	407	686
Larue,	584	391	546
Lincoln,	876	469	796
Logan,	193	294	457
Livingston,	1540	366	1613
Letcher,	255	302	253
Letcher,	373	441	408
Leitcher,	73	300	000
Lawrence,	509	382	000
Madison,	1287	810	1087
Marion,	433	1172	418
Mason,	1355	728	1308
Meade,	639	391	546
McLean,	258	251	404
Meade,	786	333	649
Mercer,	730	986	615
Montgomery,	609	425	546
Morgan,	373	1040	289
Marshall,	104	803	104
Muhlenburg,	893	834	733
Monroe,	628	628	566
Nicholas,	819	1026	733
Ohio,	931	805	813
Oldham,	424	485	387
Owsen,	319	478	336
Perry,	126	256	—
Pike,	108	712	—
Pendleton,	779	354	746
Perry,	159	177	—
Pulaski,	1083	1283	—
Rowan,	416	218	417
Russell,	424	375	527
Russell,	765	899	674
Shelby,	1320	611	1262
Simpson,	437	533	437
Spencer,	438	439	391
Taylor,	371	611	317
Trigg,	504	728	581
Trimble,	275	504	275
Todd,	667	554	762
Union,	424	720	653
Whitley,	485	376	528
Warren,	1389	632	1354
Washington,	497	1120	441
Wayne,	876	661	515
Woodford,	682	357	672
	69316	65413	00000

THE PROGRESS OF OUR COUNTRY.

It is stated that the population of the eleven infant colonies in 1701 was 262,000 souls. Georgia and Delaware were added to the number about 1749, and the census reports give us 1,046,000. In the year 1775, the thirteen colonies had 2,303,000 whites and 500,000 slaves. After the adoption of the present Constitution, in 1790, there were thirteen States, with 3,172,664 whites, 50,456 free colored, and 697,807 slaves. In 1850, the States had increased to thirty-one, and the population to 19,550,000 whites, 134,000 free colored, and 8,204,000 slaves. The total population at this time is approaching 30,000,000. The number of electoral votes is 236, requiring 149 to elect a President by the people. The free States have 176, and the slave States 129.

With the exception of a few miles in Virginia, there is now a connected line of railway all the way from Bangor, on the Penobscot, to Montgomery, on the Alabama; ere long the chain will be connected to New Orleans, thence to be carried westward, until it reaches the shores of the Pacific.

The circulation of the N. Y. Tribune has increased 101,467 since the first of April last. Its entire circulation is now 278,280! So much for fanaticism!

The husband of a beautiful wife, upon returning home one day, was met by one of his offspring, all smiles, clapping his hands and saying, "Pa, Mr. B.—has been here—he's such a nice man—he kissed us all around, and mother too!"

READ—Then Give Three Cheers.—There is a little incorporated borough in Chester county, Penn., called Hopewell, which has twenty votes in it, and every man is for Millard Fillmore. Three times three cheers for Hopewell Borough.—Ez.

Why, paw, that's nothing when compared to a little present in Harlan county, in this State, called Straight Creek, which has thirty-five votes, every one of whom has invariably voted the American ticket straight out. May she always continue to come out "right side up," as it is a fixed fact that "every little helps."

After giving Hopewell Borough three cheers, give three for Maryland, and three loud and hearty cheers for Straight Creek. Lancaster Sentinel.

FLOWER POTS, ASSORTED sizes, for sale by W. C. ANDERSON.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JEWELRY AT COST.—Our friend, T. R. J. AYRES, is offering his handsome stock of JEWELRY, AT COST AND CARRIAGE. Persons in want of good and neat articles in that line, will do well to call soon.

Mr. JOHN B. AXIN is now East, laying in for his numerous customers, his winter stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, and notions generally. So look out, and be ready to pay his store a visit, when his goods arrive.

DISEASE—ITS CURE.—There are thousands of cases throughout the country of scrofula, impurities of the blood, dyspepsia, enlargement of the liver, and other diseases of an intractable and dangerous character which might be speedily cured by the use of a few bottles of HENRY'S SANAPARILLA. Indeed this wonderful restorative is the first and most essential remedy for the safe and effectual cure of the various complaints for which it is especially designed, and when used according to directions, fully sustains all the merit that is claimed for it.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We have never known any other medicine win as large a share of public confidence in so short a space of time as this has done. It has not been more than a year since we heard of it, and it now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. We have never used any of its rivals—having had no occasion, as our "crown of glory" not only as yet retains its original color, but gets more and more known it fails of restoring the hair to its original color. We advise such as are becoming prematurely gray, to give the "Restorative" a trial.

Professor Wood has also for sale, a Liniment of his own manufacture, which, although we have never tried it, we believe it to be good, from the recommendation certificates we have seen.—Chester (Harris) Herald.

For sale in Danville by W. M. Stout, and other Duggists; and wholesale sale by J. B. Morton, Lexington, Ky., at Manufacturers prices.

IF WE are authorized to announce Mr. WILLIAM G. KNOX a candidate for Constable in the First District of Boyle County, at the next August election.

WOOD! WOOD!!

A number of our patrons have agreed to pay their subscription, &c., in wood. We would respectfully inform such that we are now needing the wood, and are ready to receive it. We hope they will bring it in immediately, otherwise we shall present our accounts for the money.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

We have on our books, a large number of accounts, which though small, when taken separately, make in the aggregate quite a large sum, and by the delay of many of our patrons in settling up, this sum is annually growing larger. We hope those of our friends who have already received their accounts, or who shall hereafter receive them, will consider themselves particularly and urgently called upon to pay up, as we very much need the money to meet our engagements. We sincerely trust that all concerned, will consider this matter, and promptly do us justice by settling the amounts of their indebtedness.

Marriages.

MARRIED.—In Frankfort, Ky., by the Rev. J. C. Young, D. D. of Danville, Mr. THOMAS CRITTENDEN to Miss CARIE, daughter of the late SAMUEL C. JACKSON, Esq., of Fayette county. In Cincinnati, on Thursday, Nov. 13, 1856, Squire CHIDLEY, Mr. W. A. May to Miss ELIZABETH FIXELL, daughter of the late Judge B. W. FIXELL—both of Georgetown, Ky. On Tuesday, the 18th inst., by Elder W. L. Williams, Mr. CASE F. EYERSON, of Adair, to Miss PATRICY ANN CARTER, of Lincoln county. On Thursday, the 6th inst., by the same, Mr. WARREN LAMME to Miss MALINDA RESSLER—both of Lincoln county.

New Advertisements.

GOOD BUSINESS RULES.—If you want to buy anything; if you want to sell anything; if you want to hear anything; if you want to tell anything; if you want to do anything; if you want anything done—ADVERTISE.

LAND TO RENT.

A S Guardian of my infant daughter, Virginia Grace Breckinridge, I wish to Rent, for one or more years, from January 1st, 1857, about 80 Acres of Arable Land, and about 200 Acres of inclosed Woodland adjoining it. I will rent it separately or together, and will make it the interest of any suitable tenant, who will take the whole for two or three years, and pay a part of the rent by improving the property. The Land lies on the Turnpike to Hustonsville, 5 miles out from Danville, adjoining the farms of Col. Griggby, Mr. Givens and Mr. John Shelby. Apply to me in Danville.

RO. J. BRECKINRIDGE, Guardian, &c.

An Overseer Wanted.

A YOUNG or middle aged man, single or with a small family, who can well recommended, and is willing to go to the county of Fayette, and devote himself to the interest of his employer, on a large farm, can find a good situation and liberal wages, for the coming year, by applying to the following information, call on the PUBLISHER OF THIS PAPER.

Danville, Nov. 21, '56 4t

Boyle Land for Sale.

I HAVE for sale, a Small Tract of Land, adjoining Jas. S. Hopkins, Esq., between the Perryville and Harrodsburg Turnpikes, about 1 1/2 miles from Danville.

Containing 28 or 30 Acres Of first quality Land; about 8 acres good Firewood. It would make an excellent garden spot, and will be sold on reasonable terms.

JAS. B. LAWRENCE.

Property in Liberty for Sale.

I WISH to sell my Town Property in Liberty, Casey county, Ky., consisting of Dwelling, Store-house, Blacksmith Shop, Stables, and a lot attached containing about 3/4 of an acre. If not sold it will be for sale as one of the best locations in the country for a Blacksmith or Merchant. My reason for wishing to sell, I have left the place. For further particulars, apply to A. T. ROYAL, Jr., M. in Liberty, or to myself, on the road from Liberty to Jamestown, at the place known as the "widow Jones". ANDERSON, KIGNEY.

